

英皇娛樂酒店有限公司 Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code : 296)



EMPEROR

Annual Report 2005/2006

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Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited 2005/2006 Annual Report

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Luk Siu Man, Semon* (Chairperson) Wong Chi Fai Fan Man Seung, Vanessa Mok Fung Lin, Ivy Chan Sim Ling, Irene** Chan Wiling, Yvonne** Wan Choi Ha**

* Non-executive Director
** Independent Non-executive Directors

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mok Fung Lin, Ivy, LL.B (Hons), P.C.LL, MBA

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Tong Pui Hung, Joanna, CPA

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chan Sim Ling, Irene *(Chairperson)* Chan Wiling, Yvonne Wan Choi Ha

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Wong Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Chan Sim Ling, Irene Chan Wiling, Yvonne

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL OFFICE

28th Floor Emperor Group Centre 288 Hennessy Road Wanchai Hong Kong

REGISTRARS (in Bermuda)

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

REGISTRARS (in Hong Kong)

Secretaries Limited 26th Floor Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

BANKERS

Bank of China Banco Weng Hang S.A. Liu Chong Hing Bank Limited The Bank of East Asia The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Wing Hang Bank

WEBSITE

http:// www.emperor.com.hk

STOCK CODE

296

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES

LUK SIU MAN, SEMON

Non-executive Director and Chairperson

Aged 50, graduated from The University of Toronto with a bachelor degree in Commerce. She worked in the banking industry for almost 10 years. She is also the chairperson of Emperor International Holdings Limited and Emperor Entertainment Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board and Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") respectively. She joined the Company in March 2000.

WONG CHI FAI

Executive Director

Aged 50, is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He has over 20 years' experience in finance and management spanning a diverse range of businesses from manufacturing to property investment and development. He is also the joint managing director of Emperor International Holdings Limited and a director of Emperor Entertainment Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board and GEM of the Stock Exchange respectively. He joined the Company in 1991.

FAN MAN SEUNG, VANESSA

Executive Director

Aged 43, is a lawyer by profession in Hong Kong and a registered accountant. She also holds a master degree in Business Administration. She is also the joint managing director of Emperor International Holdings Limited and a director of Emperor Entertainment Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board and GEM of the Stock Exchange respectively. She joined the Company in 1991.

MOK FUNG LIN, IVY

Executive Director and Company Secretary

Aged 41, is a lawyer by profession in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom, and holds a master degree in Business Administration. She is also a director of Emperor International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. She joined the Group in 1993 as Legal Consultant and was appointed as executive director of the Company in February 2000.

CHAN SIM LING, IRENE

Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 43, graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a bachelor degree in Laws in 1985. She was appointed as independent non-executive director in May 1998.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES

CHAN WILING, YVONNE

Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 41, graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1987 majoring in accountancy. She obtained a master degree in Business Administration from Heriot-Watt University in Scotland in 1996. She is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has over eighteen years of experience in accounting, auditing and information security fields and previously worked in two international accounting firms, Touche Ross & Co. and Ernst & Young. She was appointed as independent non-executive director in September 2004.

WAN CHOI HA

Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 38, is a solicitor qualified in Hong Kong. She holds a bachelor degree in laws from The University of Hong Kong. She has been practicing in Hong Kong for more than 10 years and is a principal partner of a law firm. She was appointed as independent non-executive director in February 2006.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The current year is the first time Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") incorporated a full-scale gaming operation in its financial results. The Group's recently-acquired cruise vessel the "Golden Princess" made a fair contribution to the earnings of the Group, while the flagship project – the Grand Emperor Hotel in the Macau Special Administrative Region made a solid debut and contributed cashflow following commencement of operations in January 2006.

Revenue for the Group was HK\$345.8 million during the year, compared with HK\$18.2 million in 2005, while net profit was HK\$166.8 million, up from HK\$17.6 million in the previous year. The construction of the Group's property development project – a shopping arcade and serviced apartment complex in Shanghai, the PRC – is proceeding as planned and is expected to be completed in 2008.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

The Group's development projects and various investments are discussed as follows:

CRUISE AND CRUISE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

The Group received revenue of approximately HK\$137.9 million and profit of approximately HK\$49.4 million from this segment during the year. "Golden Princess" was acquired in February 2005 from the Company's substantial shareholder. The cruise liner provides entertainment, gaming and accommodation to a maximum of 570 guests.

Revenue from this segment was derived from rental and operation of cruise-related activities. This segment constitutes a stable revenue stream, generating steady cashflow for the Group.

HOTEL AND GAMING OPERATIONS

This segment, referring to the Grand Emperor Hotel in Macau, is the principal business of the Group. To get in early in the fast growing and lucrative market, the Group chose to acquire an existing building and convert it into a gaming hotel. The hotel officially commenced business in January 2006, following only a 12-month renovation period. It was the Group's first hotel to launch in Macau in 2006.

The Grand Emperor Hotel is located at the heart of Macau's city centre, a short distance from the main ferry terminal and the casino landmark Hotel Lisboa. Targeting medium to high rollers, the Grand Emperor Hotel has 136,660 square feet of gaming space spreading over seven floors, offering 333 slot machine seats and 86 gaming tables in gaming concourses and VIP rooms featuring mainly baccarat – the most popular game in Macau with the best odds among major table games.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW (continued) HOTEL AND GAMING OPERATIONS (continued)

The luxuriously designed hotel also provides comprehensive entertainment and dining facilities with a European-themed decor. It has 291 hotel rooms, including the fabulously appointed The Emperor Suite, which at a size of more than 7,000 square feet offers stimulation for every sense, with its private rooftop garden balcony, sauna room, card room, snooker room and karaoke room.

The hotel also boasts its famous "golden avenue", the only gold-laden pavement in the world. The avenue has 78 pieces of one-kilogram gold bars along the footpath in the hotel lobby. Together with one of Asia's largest display screens installed along its facade, the hotel is an eye-catching landmark in Macau and a must-see spot for tourists.

The Group owns 45% of the project. With management control vesting in the Group and other stakeholders remaining passive investors, the project's financials are consolidated into the Group's financial statements in order to provide transparency for the market and investors.

Since the commencement of business in January 2006, the hotel has been well-received and garnered significant market share in Macau, the world's second biggest gaming market.

Gaming

Given the fact that the casino has been in operation for approximately three months during the period under review, the Group was satisfied with the casino operations, the performance of which was in line with management expectations. All segments picked up quickly after the year and expenses stabilised after the hotel's opening. The management expected further advancement when the hotel operates at a full capacity of 64 gaming tables and eight VIP rooms.

Gaming Concourse

During the period under review, the Group had 44 tables operating in the mass market-targeted concourse, contributing a gross win of HK\$87.5 million. Income was HK\$35.0 million since the hotel soft launched in early January 2006. The 44 tables returned an average win of approximately HK\$23,000 per table per day.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW (continued) HOTEL AND GAMING OPERATIONS (continued)

Slots

Slot machines contributed a gross win of HK\$19.7 million during the year. The 333 seats had an average win of approximately HK\$700 per day. Income was HK\$6.1 million during the period under review.

VIP Room – Self-operated

The Group has been running one of the six VIP rooms inside the hotel since the hotel opened in January 2006. The six tables – all offer baccarat – recorded a rolling of HK\$11.1 billion and an income of HK\$117.5 million. Win percentage (calculated before discounts and commissions) was 2.7%. Average win per table per day was approximately HK\$579,000.

Other VIP Rooms

The Group received contribution from five of the six VIP rooms operating within the hotel. Revenue was HK\$7.8 million during the period under review.

Non-gaming

The Grand Emperor Hotel recorded non-gaming revenue of HK\$24.7 million, comprising mainly contributions from hotel rooms, food and beverage, as well as rentals from sauna, night club and retail outlets on the ground floor of the hotel.

The hotel rooms had an average daily rate of approximately HK\$800 during the year. Occupancy of the available guestrooms was 64%. As a result of active marketing and promotions, occupancy experienced a fast upward trend, reaching an average of above 80% in the months after the reporting period.

Income from food & beverage was HK\$8.6 million. Rental from sauna, night club and retail space was HK\$3.0 million.

PROPERTY SALES AND DEVELOPMENT

This segment recorded a loss of approximately HK\$2.6 million.

The property development project – to develop a retail and entertainment complex on the 22,870 square meter site close to Yu Yuan, Shanghai – was in the investment stage during the reporting period. The Group envisages lucrative returns from the project, in which it contributed only the land, with construction being undertaken by its local partner which shared a 50:50 split. Potential market risk was covered by a put option.

The main body of the project will be a multi-storey shopping arcade, and the entire project is expected to have area of more than 110,000 square metres. During the year, the project completed piling foundation work and basement excavation commenced in June 2006.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW (continued) PROPERTY SALES AND DEVELOPMENT (continued)

The Group has been fine-tuning construction plans and designs in order to maximise the future returns of the project, which should contribute significant rental income to the Group. Construction proceeded in line with management expectations and the plans of the local government, which will later this year start building an extension route for the Shanghai Metro.

The new M10 route will be adjacent to the Group's site and there will be entrances and exits connecting to and from the shopping mall. These plans should contribute large volumes of passenger flow to the Group's retail property and hence support and boost the future commercial value of the development. The M10 route is expected to launch in 2009, while the Group's project will complete construction in 2008.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

There is no change in the share capital of the Company during the year.

On 2nd November, 2005, the shareholders of the Company in a special general meeting approved a capital reorganisation by way of cancellation of the share premium ("Share Premium Cancellation"). Pursuant to the Share Premium Cancellation, the entire amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company was cancelled, with part of the credit arising therefrom being applied to eliminate the accumulated losses of the Company as at 31st March, 2005 in the sum of HK\$711.6 million in full and the remaining balance of the credit in the amount of HK\$543.4 million being credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company. The Share Premium Cancellation was completed on 9th November, 2005.

USE OF PROCEEDS

As at the end of the preceding financial year, the unused proceeds arising from the placing, the rights issue and the subscription of new shares in the prior year amounted to HK\$371.7 million. During the year, the Company fully utilised the proceeds, with HK\$333.0 million being applied to the hotel development project in Macau and the remaining balance of HK\$38.7 million for the Group's general working capital.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the year, the Group mainly funded its operations and capital expenditure through bank borrowings, advances from related companies and minority shareholders of a subsidiary. As at 31st March, 2006, the bank borrowings which were denominated in Hong Kong dollar, secured, interest bearing and had fixed repayment term amounted to HK\$288.6 million. The advances from related companies were HK\$144.9 million, which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The advances from the minority shareholders which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, unsecured and non-interest bearing totalled HK\$479.3 million.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES (continued)

The Group's current assets and current liabilities as at the end of the year were HK\$509.8 million and HK\$410.2 million respectively. The gearing ratio of the Group (expressed as a percentage of total borrowings over net asset value) increased from 19% in the preceding financial year to 74%, which was mainly due to additional advances from related companies and minority shareholders of a subsidiary as well as the new bank borrowings raised during the year.

Save as disclosed above and trade and other payables and accrued charges, the Group had no other external borrowings. Bank balances and cash on hand of the Group as at 31st March, 2006 totalling HK\$163.9 million were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Macau Pataca and Renminbi. With the borrowings and bank balances and cash on hand denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Macau Pataca and Renminbi, the Group experienced no significant exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuation for the year.

With its sufficient bank balances and cash on hand as well as its existing loan facility, the directors of the Company considered the Group has sufficient working capital for the operations and the future development of the Group.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at the end of the year, assets with carrying values of HK\$1.3 billion were pledged to a bank as security for a banking facility granted to the Group.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at 31st March, 2006, the Group had total commitments of HK\$54.3 million, of which HK\$51.6 million was for a property development project in Shanghai and HK\$2.7 million for purchase of property, plant and equipment. The Group also had a contingent liability of a maximum amount of HK\$431.5 million in respect of construction contracts entered into by the Group on behalf of a joint venture partner of a property development project in Shanghai.

NUMBER AND REMUNERATION OF EMPLOYEES

With the commencement of new hotel and gaming businesses in Macau, as at 31st March, 2006, the number of employees of the Group increased to 1,022 (2005: 320). Total staff costs, including directors' remuneration, for the year were HK\$77.6 million (2005: HK\$5.8 million). All employees are under remuneration policy of fixed monthly salary with discretionary bonus.

To provide incentives or rewards to the staff, the Company adopted a share option scheme on 2nd September, 2002. During the year, the Company granted a total of 10,000,000 options to certain directors of the Company.

PROSPECTS

With the opening of the Grand Emperor Hotel in Macau in January this year, the Group has repositioned itself as a full-scale gaming operation enjoying significant contributions from gaming.

To provide the best returns for shareholders and stakeholders, the Group has chosen not to pursue a concept strategy, but instead making best use of its investment resources in a managed capacity, securing market share ahead of the entry of other sizable casinos in Macau to achieve early results. Despite an already crowded market, the Grand Emperor Hotel has managed to establish a significant presence in Macau and gain gaming expertise and experience in a short period of time.

The Group saw both gaming and hotel operations improving after the reporting period and expects further advancement in future. It also anticipates increasing contributions from the gaming arm, with the inclusion of additional slot machines and when the hotel operates at a full capacity of 64 gaming tables in the mass market-targeted concourse, following the increased supply of dealers from Sociedade de Jogos de Macau, S.A., the gaming concessionaire and a passive investor in the hotel project.

Looking ahead, the Group will not settle for a single project in the lucrative Macau market. Instead, it is actively looking for expansion possibilities with further utilisation of the Group's execution strength and rich assets in the entertainment industry.

Meanwhile, the Group will continue to explore potential business opportunities elsewhere to maximise shareholders' return.

By Order of the Board

Luk Siu Man, Semon Chairperson

Hong Kong 19th July, 2006

The directors of the Company present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company's principal activity is investment holding and the activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group and the dividends paid and proposed by the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2006 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 31 and note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

During the year, the Group's property, plant and equipment with carrying value of approximately HK\$118 million were transferred to investment properties.

As at 31st March, 2006, the Group revalued all of its investment properties on an open market at approximately HK\$510 million. The increase in fair value of approximately HK\$392 million has been credited to the consolidated income statement.

Details of changes in the investment properties of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

A summary of investment properties of the Group as at 31st March, 2006 is set out on page 90.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment at a cost of approximately HK\$612 million.

Details of changes in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the consolidated net assets of the Company's subsidiaries as at 7th July, 1992, the date on which the group reorganisation became effective, and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued under the group reorganisation, less any dividends subsequently paid out of pre-reorganisation profits and amounts utilised on redemption of shares.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders. However, a company shall not declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus, if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (i) the company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31st March, 2006 represent the aggregate of contributed surplus and accumulated profits amounting to approximately HK\$1,228,122,000.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Company had no distributable reserve as at 31st March, 2005.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Non-executive director:

Luk Siu Man, Semon (Chairperson)

(redesignated from executive director to non-executive director on 11th July, 2005)

Executive directors:

Wong Chi Fai Fan Man Seung, Vanessa Mok Fung Lin, Ivy Luk Siu Man, Semon (*Chairperson*)

(redesignated from executive director to non-executive director on 11th July, 2005)

Independent non-executive directors:

Chan Sim Ling, Irene Chan Wiling, Yvonne Wan Choi Ha Lam San Keung

(appointed on 15th February, 2006) (resigned on 15th February, 2006)

The term of office of each director, including the independent non-executive directors, is the period up to his/her retirement by rotation in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

In accordance with Bye-law 86(2) of the Company's Bye-laws, Ms. Wan Choi Ha would retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer herself for re-election.

In accordance with Bye-law 87 of the Company's Bye-laws, all other directors, other than Ms. Wan Choi Ha who would retire in accordance with Bye-law 86(2), would retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31st March, 2006, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") of the issued share capital of the Company were as follows:

(a) Long position interests in the Company

(i) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company

Name of director	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of issued ordinary shares held	Approximate percentage holding
Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon ("Ms. Semon Luk") (Note 1)	Family	322,401,555	34.71%

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (continued)

(a) Long position interests in the Company (continued)

(ii) Share options

Name of director	Capacity	Number of options	Number of underlying shares
Mr. Wong Chi Fai (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	5,000,000	5,000,000
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa	Beneficial owner	5,000,000	5,000,000
(Note 2)			

Notes:

- 322,401,555 shares representing 34.71% of the shares of the Company, were registered in the name of Worthly Strong Investment Limited ("Worthly Strong"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Emperor International Holdings Limited ("EIHL"). EIHL was a company with its shares listed in Hong Kong; 71.73% of the shares of EIHL were registered in the name of Charron Holdings Limited ("Charron"). The entire issued share capital of Charron was held by The A&A Unit Trust under The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust ("Trust"), a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Mr. Albert Yeung"). Mr. Albert Yeung, as founder of the Trust, was deemed to be interested in the 322,401,555 shares held by Worthly Strong. By virtue of the aforesaid interests of Mr. Albert Yeung, Ms. Semon Luk (spouse of Mr. Albert Yeung and director of the Company) was also deemed to be interested in the above 322,401,555 shares held by Worthly Strong.
- 2. The share options were granted to directors under the share option scheme of the Company.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (continued)

(b) Long position in shares in associated corporations

	Name of		Number of issued ordinary	Approximate percentage
Name of director	associated corporation	Capacity	shares held	holding
Ms. Semon Luk	Emerald Star Properties Limited ("Emerald Star") (Note)	Family	990	9.9%
	Nova Strategic Limited ("Nova Strategic") <i>(Note)</i>	Family	10	10%

Note: Emerald Star was owned as to 90.1% by the Group and as to 9.9% by Lion Empire Investments Limited ("Lion Empire"). Nova Strategic was owned as to 90% by the Group and as to 10% by Lion Empire. The entire issued share capital of Lion Empire was held by The A&S Unit Trust, a unit trust under the Trust, of which Mr. Albert Yeung was the founder. Mr. Albert Yeung was deemed to be interested in the shares of Emerald Star and Nova Strategic both held by Lion Empire. By virtue of the aforesaid interests of Mr. Albert Yeung, Ms. Semon Luk (spouse of Mr. Albert Yeung and director of the Company) was also deemed to be interested in the shares of Emerald Star and Nova Strategic both held Star and Nova Strategic both held by Lion Empire.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2006, none of the directors, chief executives nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 2nd September, 2002. Particulars of the Scheme are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of movements in the number of share options are set out below:

Name of grantee	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price of the share options	Number of options granted during the year and outstanding as at 31st March, 2006
Mr. Wong Chi Fai	11th August, 2005	11th August, 2005 to 10th August, 2015	HK\$2.2	5,000,000
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa	11th August, 2005	11th August, 2005 to 10th August, 2015	HK\$2.2	5,000,000

Save as disclosed herein, no options were granted, lapsed, exercised or cancelled under the Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable any director or chief executive of the Company or their spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporates.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31st March, 2006, so far as is known to any director or chief executive of the Company, the following persons or corporations (other than a director or chief executive of the Company) who had interests and short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company

		Number of issued ordinary shares	
		interested	Approximate
	Capacity/	in or deemed	percentage
Name of shareholder	Nature of interests	to be interested	holding
EIHL (Note)	Interest in a controlled corporation	322,401,555	34.71%
Charron (Note)	Interest in a controlled corporation	322,401,555	34.71%
Jumbo Wealth Limited (Note)	Trustee	322,401,555	34.71%
GZ Trust Corporation	Trustee	322,401,555	34.71%
("GZ Trust") (Note)			
Mr. Albert Yeung (Note)	Founder of the Trust	322,401,555	34.71%
OZ Management, L.L.C.	Investment manager	105,646,087	11.37%
OZ Master Fund, Ltd.	Beneficial owner	62,817,767	6.76%
Julius Baer Investment	Investment manager	74,493,652	8.02%
Management LLC			

Note: The shares were registered in the name of Worthly Strong, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EIHL. EIHL was a company with its shares listed in Hong Kong; 71.73% of the shares of EIHL were registered in the name of Charron. The entire issued share capital of Charron was held by The A&A Unit Trust under the Trust, the trustee of which was GZ Trust. Mr. Albert Yeung, as founder of the Trust, was deemed to be interested in the 322,401,555 shares held by Worthly Strong. The above shares were the same shares as those set out in "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2006, the directors of the Company were not aware of any person or corporation (other than the directors and chief executives of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There was no contract of significance to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the year, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 95% of the revenue of the Group. The largest two customers accounted for approximately 54% and 39% of the Group's revenue, respectively. The issued share capital of the second largest customer was held as to 28% of its issued share capital by a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company as at 31st March, 2006.

The five largest suppliers contributed to less than 30% of the Group's total purchases and services received for the year.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors of the Company, their associates or any shareholders which, to the knowledge of the directors of the Company, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, has a beneficial interest in the share capital of any of the above major customers and suppliers of the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 21 to 28.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company as at the date of this annual report, the Company maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

AUDITORS

A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Luk Siu Man, Semon Chairperson

Hong Kong 19th July, 2006

The directors of the Company (the "Directors" or the "Board" or the "Board of Directors") are committed to maintain a solid, transparent and sensible framework of corporate governance for the Company and its subsidiaries and will continue to review its effectiveness. The Company has complied throughout the financial year ended 31st March, 2006 with all the provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practice (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") except with the deviation from Code provisions A.4.1. and E.1.2 in respect of the requirements for the appointment of Non-executive Directors for a specific term and the Chairperson to attend the annual general meeting.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(1) Composition of the Board of Directors

The Board comprised a balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) with a balance of skills, high calibre and experience appropriate for the business of the Group.

The Board of Directors currently comprises of the following seven Directors:

Non-executive Director:	Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon (Chairperson)
Executive Directors:	Mr. Wong Chi Fai
Executive Directors:	Mr. Wong Chi Fai
	Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa
	Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy
Independent Non-executive	
Directors:	Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene
	Ms. Chan Wiling, Yvonne
	Ms. Wan Choi Ha (appointed in February 2006)

Mr. Lam San Keung resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director in February 2006 for personal reasons. The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 3 to 4 of this report and an updated list of Directors has been maintained on the Company's website.

The Company has received a confirmation of independence from each of the three Independent Non-executive Directors required under the Listing Rules. The Board continues to consider each of them to be independent. The Independent Non-executive Directors have been expressly identified as such in all corporate communications of the Company that disclose the names of Directors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(2) Responsibilities of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Distinct roles of chairperson and executive directors are carried out by separate persons to ensure a balance of power and authority.

Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon (Non-executive Director) is the Chairperson of the Company. The Company has not appointed a Chief Executive Officer. The Chairperson, assisted by the Company Secretary and other executives of the Group, is responsible for the management and leadership of the Board and to ensure all Board members are properly briefed and receive timely, reliable and sufficient information on issues to be discussed at Board meetings. Board papers were dispatched to the Directors before the meetings. The three Executive Directors, supported by the sophisticated and experienced senior management team, are responsible for managing the business of the Group. The above structure effectively divides the responsibilities of management of the Board and the management of business among separate persons.

(3) Delegation by the Board and Board Committee

Matters delegated from the Board to Board Committees are given with clear authority and duties.

The Board set up the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee on 15th September, 2004 and 11th July, 2005 respectively. The Committees consist mainly Independent Non-executive Directors. Clear written terms of reference explaining the Committees' role and authority delegated to them by the Board were approved and adopted. Details of these two Committees are set out in the paragraphs "Audit Committee" and "Remuneration Committee" below.

(4) Appointments, re-election and removal

The appointment of directors is formal, considered and transparent and all directors are subject to re-election at regular intervals.

Code provision A.4.1 requires non-executive directors be appointed for a specific term. However, the Non-executive Directors of the Company were not appointed for a specific term. Pursuant to provision 87(1) of the Bye-laws of the Company, all the Directors for the time being shall retire from office at each annual general meeting. The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the appointment of non-executive directors without specific term but otherwise subject to annual retirement and re-election by shareholders was reasonable and does not intend to amend the terms of their appointment.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(4) Appointments, re-election and removal (continued)

No nomination committee has been established by the Company. The appointment of a new director is a matter reserved for the Board's decision. The Board would consider a number of criterion, including the past experience, qualifications and overall integrity of any recommended candidates for directorship. During the year, the Board has passed in a meeting with an unanimous resolution to appoint Ms. Wan Choi Ha as an Independent Non-executive Director, who shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer herself for re-election.

(5) Function of the Board and Board Meetings

The Board assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Group. Board meetings are held in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-laws of the Company.

The Board, in addition to overseeing the development and financial performance, setting strategic directions and objectives of the Group, will make decisions on certain matters, including the approval of annual and interim results, capital structure, declaration of dividends, material acquisitions, disposals and capital expenditure, Board structure and its composition and succession. The management team makes management and investment proposals for the Board to approve, implements the Board's decision and manages the day-to-day business.

The Board meets regularly at least four times a year with additional meetings as and when required.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(5) Function of the Board and Board Meetings (continued)

The individual attendance of each Director, on a named basis, for meetings held for the financial year ended 31st March, 2006, is set out below:

	Number of	
	Board	
	meeting	Attendance
Board of Directors	attended	rate
Non-executive Director:		
Luk Siu Man, Semon (Chairperson)	4/4	100%
Executive Directors:		
Wong Chi Fai	3/4	75%
Fan Man Seung, Vanessa	3/4	75%
Mok Fung Lin, Ivy	4/4	100%
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
Lam San Keung (resigned on 15th February, 2006)	1/4	25%
Chan Sim Ling, Irene	1/4	25%
Chan Wiling, Yvonne	0/4	0%
Wan Choi Ha (appointed on 15th February, 2006)	0/4	0%

Arrangements have been in place to ensure that for regular meetings of the Board, at least 14 days' meeting notice be given to the Directors and the agenda together with the accompanying board papers be circulated to all Directors three days before the regular board meetings. Agenda of regular meetings was circulated to Directors for their review and inclusion of any matters for Board's consideration. The Directors also have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and key officers of the Company Secretarial team regarding the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Draft and final versions of the minutes of Board meetings, were circulated to the Directors for their comment and record respectively. An original copy of such minutes, being kept by the Company Secretary, is open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Directors. A procedure has been approved by the Board to enable Directors to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses in appropriate circumstances.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(6) **Responsibilities of Directors**

Every Director has been kept abreast of his responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the business activities and development of the Group.

The Company will provide every newly appointed director with information on the business of the Group, responsibilities of directors, the adopted governance policies, the relevant rules, codes and regulations applicable to a director and invite them to an induction. The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and senior executives on no less terms than the required standard of dealings set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors of the Company, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT Remuneration Committee

A Remuneration Committee has been set up with specific terms of reference.

A Remuneration Committee of the Company was established on 11th July, 2005. Currently, the Committee consists of two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene and Ms. Chan Wiling, Yvonne together with the Executive Director, Mr. Wong Chi Fai, who acts as the Chairman of the Committee. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for, amongst others, making recommendations with respect to the remuneration of the Executive Directors of the Company and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy for approval by the Board. Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2006 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements. The specific written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee has convened a meeting in September 2005, which was attended by all Committee members. In addition, the Company has adopted a share option scheme effective from 2nd September, 2002. The Remuneration Committee had approved to recommend to the Board the annual fees of HK\$100,000 to each of the three Independent Non-executive Directors in September 2005.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

(1) Financial Reporting

The Board presents a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Management has provided information and explanation to the Board to enable it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other Board decisions.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (continued)

(1) **Financial Reporting** (continued)

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare the accounts of the Group and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules.

(2) Audit Committee

An Audit Committee was established with clear terms of reference.

An Audit Committee was established on 15th September, 2004. The Committee consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene, Ms. Chan Wiling, Yvonne and Ms. Wan Choi Ha. Ms. Wan Choi Ha was appointed as a Committee member to replace Mr. Lam San Keung in February 2006. The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene, together with the other two Committee members, poessess either accounting or other professional expertise. Clear terms of reference of the Committee with the delegated power and responsibility have been set out on the Company's website. The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of the external auditors, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of external auditor, to review financial information and oversight of the financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

The Audit Committee convened three meetings during the year with the presence as follows:

Name of Committee member	Number of meetings attended	Attendance rate
Chan Sim Ling, Irene	3/3	100%
Chan Wiling, Yvonne	2/3	66.67%
Lam San Keung (resigned on 15th February, 2006)	3/3	100%
Wan Choi Ha (appointed on 15th February, 2006)	n.a.	n.a.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (continued)

(2) Audit Committee (continued)

Draft and final versions of minutes were circulated to Committee members for their review and record respectively. The tasks performed by the Audit Committee during the year included the following:

- i. Review with senior management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, the accuracy and fairness of the annual and interim financial statements, and the scope of the external audit works;
- ii. Review the impact to the Group in respect of the amendments to the accounting principles with the external auditors; and
- iii. Meeting with the external auditors and review their work and findings relating to the annual audit.

(3) Internal Control

The Board acknowledged its overall responsibility to maintain sound and effective internal controls in order to safeguard the shareholders' investment and Company's assets.

The Board, through the Audit Committee which reviews annually the internal control system, acknowledged its overall responsibility in respect of maintaining effective internal controls of the Company and its subsidiaries. The scope as well as the plan of the internal audit shall be reviewed and endorsed by the Audit Committee and the results of the audit and recommendations after the audit will be reported to the Audit Committee from time to time.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

(1) Effective Communication

On-going dialogue with shareholders by way of convening annual general meeting, special general meeting and press conference are maintained.

Various channels of communication with the shareholders are adopted by the Company, which include: (i) the issuance of annual report, circular, notice of annual general meeting and proxy form as required under the Listing Rules; and (ii) convene press conference from time to time; and (iii) the shareholders and investors are welcome to visit our website for the latest information of the Group.

The Company had convened three press conferences during the year to explain the interim and final results and major business development. Separate resolutions are proposed at the annual general meeting and the special general meeting on each substantial separate issues, including the election of individual directors as required under the Listing Rules.

Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon, the Chairperson of the Company, was unable to attend the annual general meeting held on 25th August, 2005 as she was outside Hong Kong at that time.

(2) Voting by Poll

Rights to demand a poll were printed in the circulars dispatched to the shareholders and the chairman of the general meetings had explained the rights and procedures to demand a poll at the commencement of such meetings.

The rights to demand a poll were set out in the circulars dispatched to the shareholders during the year. The chairman of the general meetings had explained the rights and procedures to demand a poll.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Company's auditors, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, is set out as follows:

Service rendered	fee paid/payable
	HK\$'000
Audit services	2,442
Non-audit services	65

AUDITORS' REPORT



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF EMPEROR ENTERTAINMENT HOTEL LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") on pages 31 to 88 which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view. In preparing consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view it is fundamental that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those consolidated financial statements and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the Group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Opinion

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2006 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong 19th July, 2006

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

	Notes	2006 HK\$′000	2005 HK\$′000
Revenue	7	345,796	18,236
Cost of sales		(9,816)	(470)
Direct operating expenses		(83,911)	(6,355)
Course and fit			11 411
Gross profit Fair value change in investment properties		252,069 392,368	11,411
Other income		9,882	3,348
Selling and marketing expenses		(119,923)	(328)
Administrative expenses		(113,159)	(11,929)
Reversal of allowance for deposit paid for		(,,	(,,
the purchase of properties	9	-	15,168
Finance costs	10	(11,084)	(509)
Profit before taxation	11	410,153	17,161
Taxation	13	(51,886)	
Profit for the year		358,267	17,161
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		166,794	17,596
Minority interests		191,473	(435)
		358,267	17,161
Dividends	14		
– Interim paid	14	9,288	
– Final proposed		18,575	_
		27,863	_
Earnings per share	15		
– Basic		HK\$0.18	HK\$0.05
– Diluted		HK\$0.18	N/A

Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited 2005/2006 Annual Report

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 31st March, 2006

	Notes	2006 HK\$'000	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Restated)
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	16	510,100	-
Property, plant and equipment	17	1,008,022	133,267
Prepaid lease payments	18	313,453	41,401
Property under development	19	326,699	317,819
Deposits made on acquisition of a subsidiary	20	-	196,757
Deposits made on acquisition of property, plant and equipment		16,369	4,899
Other assets	21	, _	27,382
Goodwill	22	18,301	18,301
		2,192,944	739,826
Current assets			
Inventories, at cost		3,147	1,239
Trade and other receivables	23	323,784	4,952
Prepaid lease payments	18	7,571	1,078
Amount due from a related company	24	11,347	1,146
Bank balances and cash	25	163,903	525,961
		509,752	534,376
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	26	223,354	14,085
Amounts due to related companies	27	144,901	-
Secured bank borrowings			
– amounts due within one year	28	37,046	-
Taxation payable		4,870	-
		410,171	14,085
Net current assets		99,581	520,291
Total assets less current liabilities		2,292,525	1,260,117

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 31st March, 2006

	Notes	2006 HK\$'000	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Restated)
Non-current liabilities			
Secured bank borrowings			
– amounts due after one year	28	251,519	-
Amount due to a related company	29	-	18,005
Amounts due to minority shareholders of			
a subsidiary	30	479,296	180,000
Deferred taxation	31	52,617	5,533
		783,432	203,538
Net assets		1,509,093	1,056,579
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	32	93	93
Reserves	34	1,227,352	1,056,937
Equity attributable to equity holders of the			
Company		1,227,445	1,057,030
Minority interests	35	281,648	(451)
Total equity		1,509,093	1,056,579

The consolidated financial statements on pages 31 to 88 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 19th July, 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

Wong Chi Fai Director Fan Man Seung, Vanessa Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company										
			Capital	Share			Accumulated				
	Share capital HK\$′000	Share premium HK\$'000	redemption reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (note 34(a))	option reserve HK\$'000	Legal reserve HK\$'000 (note 34(b))	Translation reserve HK\$'000	(losses) profits HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2004	11	564,363	666	514,191			6,021	(736,673)	348,579	1,925	350,504
Exchange difference arising on translation of PRC operations recognised directly in equity Profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	154	- 17,596	154 17,596	5 (435)	159 17,161
Total recognised income (expense) for the year Issue of shares	- 82	- 695,568	-	-	-	-	154	17,596	17,750 695,650	(430)	17,320 695,650
Expenses incurred in connection with issue of shares	-	(4,949)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,949)	-	(4,949)
Arising on acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,872)	(1,872)
Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries Distribution upon winding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21)	(21)
up of a subsidiary										(53)	(53)
At 31st March, 2005	93	1,254,982	666	514,191			6,175	(719,077)	1,057,030	(451)	1,056,579

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company										
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (note 34(a))	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Legal reserve HK\$'000 (note 34(b))	ہ Translation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated (losses) profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$′000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2005, as originally stated Effect of changes in accounting policies	93	1,254,982	666	514,191	-	-	6,175	(719,077)	1,057,030	(451)	1,056,579
(notes 2 and 3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,077	21,077
As restated	93	1,254,982	666	514,191			6,175	(719,077)	1,057,030	20,626	1,077,656
Exchange difference arising on translation of PRC operations recognised directly in equity Profit for the year	-	-		-	-	-	8,945 	166,794	8,945 166,794		8,945 358,267
Total recognised income for the year Cancellation of share	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,945	166,794	175,739	191,473	367,212
premium account (<i>note 34(c</i>)) Capital contribution from minority shareholders	-	(1,254,982)	-	543,432	-	-	-	711,550	-	-	-
of a subsidiary Capital contribution arising from fair value adjustment on amounts due to minority shareholders of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	31
a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,525	69,525
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment Arising on acquisition of	-	-	-	-	3,964	-	-	-	3,964	-	3,964
a subsidiary Transfer from accumulated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7)	(7)
profits to legal reserve 2006 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	(44)	-	-	-
paid in cash				(9,288)					(9,288)		(9,288)
At 31st March, 2006	93		666	1,048,335	3,964	44	15,120	159,223	1,227,445	281,648	1,509,093
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	410,153	17,161
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(2,438)	(361)
Interest expenses	2,677	509
Imputed interest expense	8,407	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	21,876	951
Release of prepaid lease payments	1,616	-
Share option expense	3,964	-
Write-off of property, plant and equipment	20	14
Fair value change in investment properties	(392,368)	-
Reversal of allowance for amount due from		
a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	-	(2,609)
Goodwill charged to the consolidated income statement	-	78
Negative goodwill credited to the consolidated		
income statement	(63)	
Operating cash flows before movements in	52.044	15 740
working capital	53,844	15,743
Increase in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables	(1,908)	(1,239)
	(318,814)	(4,968) (646)
Increase in amount due from a related company	(10,201) 208,742	10,024
Increase in trade and other payables Increase in amounts due to related companies		10,024
increase in amounts due to related companies	6,581	
Net cash (used in) generated from operations	(61,756)	18,914
PRC Enterprise Income Tax refunded (paid)	68	(169)
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(61,688)	18,745

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

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		2006	2005
	Note	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		2,438	361
Additional costs incurred on property under			
development		-	(76)
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(1,048,340)	(1,545)
Deposits made for acquisition of property,			
plant and equipment		(11,470)	(4,899)
Acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary		-	(16,000)
Acquisition of investment in unlisted shares		-	(162,041)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash and			
cash equivalents acquired)	36	72	152,882
Additional costs incurred on other assets		(7,499)	(14,820)
Distribution to a minority shareholder upon			
winding up of a subsidiary			(53)
Not each used in investing activities		(1,064,799)	(46,101)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,064,799)	(46,191)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Bank loans raised		300,000	-
Repayments of bank loans		(11,435)	-
Interest paid		(5,197)	(509)
Dividend paid		(9,288)	-
Capital contribution from minority shareholders of			
a subsidiary		31	-
Net proceeds from issue of shares		-	558,102
Advances from (repayment to) related companies		120,301	(9,913)
Advances from minority shareholders of a subsidiary		370,000	140
Net cash generated from financing activities		764,412	547,820
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(362,075)	520,374
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		525,961	5,587
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		, 17	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year			
Bank balances and cash		163,903	525,961

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

1. **GENERAL**

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars which is the functional currency of the Company. The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 42.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW/REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, a number of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"s), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"s) and Interpretations ("INT"s) (hereinafter collectively referred to as "new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2005, except for HKFRS 3 "Business combination", HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" and HKAS 38 "Intangible assets" for which the Group had early adopted in the previous year. The application of the new HKFRSs has resulted in a change in the presentation of the consolidated income statement, consolidated balance sheet and the consolidated statement of changes in equity. In particular, the presentation of minority interests has been changed. The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively. The adoption of the new HKFRSs has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have effects on how the results for the current or prior accounting periods are prepared and presented:

Share-based payment

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment" ("HKFRS 2") which requires an expense to be recognised where the Group buys goods or obtains services in exchange for shares or rights over shares or in exchange for other assets equivalent in value to a given number of shares or rights over shares. The principal impact of HKFRS 2 on the Group is in relation to the expensing of the fair value of the share options of the Company granted to participants thereunder including the directors and eligible employees of the Group, which are calculated with reference to the market value of shares at the date of grant. Prior to the application of HKFRS 2, no share options were granted by the Company and accordingly, no retrospective restatement is required.

The adoption of HKFRS 2 has had a significant impact on the results of operations and financial position of the Group for the current year. An amount of approximately HK\$3,964,000 representing the fair value of share options granted in August 2005, which vested immediately at the date of grant, was charged to the consolidated income statement during the year, with an corresponding increase in share option reserve of approximately HK\$3,964,000.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

2. APPLICATION OF NEW/REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Hotel properties

Hong Kong Interpretation 2 "The appropriate accounting policies for hotel properties" ("HK INT 2") clarifies the accounting policy for owner-operated hotel properties. In previous years, depreciation is provided to write off the carrying value of leasehold land over the unexpired term of the lease. No depreciation is provided in respect of hotel buildings erected on leasehold land with an unexpired term of more than 20 years. HK INT 2 requires owner-operated hotel properties to be classified as property, plant and equipment in accordance with HKAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment", and therefore be accounted for either using the cost model or the revaluation model. The Group has resolved to account for these hotel properties using the cost model.

Financial instruments

In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement". HKAS 32 requires retrospective application. The implementation of HKAS 32 has had no material impact on the results for the current and prior years. HKAS 39, which is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2005, generally does not permit to recognise, derecognise or measure financial assets and liabilities on a retrospective basis. The principal effect resulting from the implementation of HKAS 39 is summarised below.

Financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities

From 1st April, 2005 onwards, the Group classifies and measures its financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities (which were previously outside the scope of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 24) in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. Under HKAS 39, financial liabilities are classified as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" or "financial liabilities other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (other financial liabilities)". Other financial liabilities are carried at cost using effective interest method.

Prior to the application of HKAS 39, amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary were stated at the nominal amount. HKAS 39 requires all financial assets and financial liabilities be measured at fair value on the initial recognition. Such amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary are measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method at subsequent balance sheet dates. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 39. The change in accounting policy has resulted in a reduction of the carrying amount of amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary as at 1st April, 2005 by approximately HK\$21,077,000 and an increase of minority interests as at 1st April, 2005 by approximately HK\$21,077,000. The effect of the change (including further advances from the minority shareholders of a subsidiary in the current year) on the results for the year was to increase finance costs by approximately HK\$19,898,000, out of which an amount of approximately HK\$11,491,000 had been capitalised in property, plant and equipment.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

2. APPLICATION OF NEW/REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Owner-occupied leasehold interest in land

In previous years, owner-occupied leasehold land and buildings under development were included in property under development and measured using the cost model. In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 17 "Leases" ("HKAS 17"). Under HKAS 17, the land and building elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease. To the extent that the allocation of the lease payments between the land and building elements can be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land are reclassified to prepaid lease payments under operating leases, which are carried at cost and amortised over the lease term on a straight line basis. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively.

As a result of the adoption of HKAS 17, the land element previously recorded in property under development amounting to approximately HK\$43,532,000 was redesignated as "prepaid lease payments" as at 1st April, 2004.

Investment properties

In the current year, the Group has, for the first time, applied HKAS 40 "Investment property". The Group has elected to use the fair value model to account for its investment properties which requires gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties to be recognised directly in the profit or loss for the year in which they arise.

Deferred taxes related to investment properties

In the current year, the Group has applied Hong Kong Standard Interpretations Committee Interpretation 21 "Income taxes – recovery of revalued non-depreciable assets" ("HK(SIC) Interpretation 21") which removes the presumption that the carrying amount of investment properties are to be recovered through sale. Therefore, the deferred taxation consequences of the investment properties are now assessed on the basis that reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects to recover the property at each balance sheet date. In the absence of any specific transitional provisions in HK(SIC) Interpretation 21, this change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The effects of the application of new accounting policies described above on the results for the current year are as follows:

	2006
	HK\$′000
Fair value change in investment properties	392,368
Depreciation	(61)
Share option expense	(3,964)
Imputed interest expense on amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary (after deduction of amount capitalised	
in property, plant and equipment)	(8,407)
Deferred taxation related to investment properties	(47,084)
Increase in profit for the year	332,852
Attributable to:	
Equity holders of the Company	126,676
Minority interests	206,176
	332,852

The application of the new HKFRSs has no effect on 1st April, 2004. The cumulative effects of the application of the new HKFRSs as at 31st March, 2005 and 1st April, 2005 are summarised below:

	As at 31st March, 2005 HK\$'000 (Originally stated)	Retrospective adjustments HK\$'000	As at 31st March 2005 HK\$'000 (Restated)	Opening adjustments HK\$'000	As at 1st April, 2005 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Balance sheet items					
Prepaid lease payments Property under development Amounts due to minority shareholders	- 360,298	42,479 (42,479)	42,479 317,819	-	42,479 317,819
of a subsidiary	(180,000)		(180,000)	21,077	(158,923)
Total effects on assets and liabilities				21,077	
Minority interests	(451)		(451)	21,077	20,626

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective. The directors of the Company anticipate the application of these new standards, amendments and interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Capital disclosures ¹
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial gains and losses, group plans and disclosures ²
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Cash flow hedge accounting of forecast intragroup transactions ²
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	The fair value option ²
HKAS 39 & HKFRS 4	Financial guarantee contracts ²
(Amendments)	
HKFRS 6	Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources ²
HKFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures ¹
HK(IFRIC) – INT 4	Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease ²
HK(IFRIC) – INT 5	Rights to interests arising from decommissioning, restoration and environmental rehabilitation funds ²
HK(IFRIC) – INT 6	Liabilities arising from participating in a specific market-waste electrical and electronic equipment ³
HK(IFRIC) – INT 7	Applying the restatement approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ⁴
HK(IFRIC) – INT 8	Scope of HKFRS 2 ⁵
HK(IFRIC) – INT 9	Reassessment of embedded derivatives ⁶

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2007.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2006.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st December, 2005.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st March, 2006.

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st May, 2006.

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st June, 2006.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the principal accounting policies set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st March each year.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All significant inter-company transactions and balances within the Group have been eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests in the net assets consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary for which the agreement date is on or after 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Goodwill (continued)

Capitalised goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary is presented separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units ("CGU"s), or groups of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Investment properties

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the asset is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight line method.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. The gain or loss arising from derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Property under development

Property under development is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. Cost comprises the cost of acquisition of the property under development together with direct costs attributable to the development of the property and borrowing costs capitalised during the period of development.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Other assets

Other assets are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Impairment of assets (other than goodwill)

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Inventories

Inventories represent food and beverage, consumable and other goods of hotel and cruise and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are mainly classified into loans and receivables. The accounting policies adopted in respect of loans and receivables are set out below.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables and amount due from a related company) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed that the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in banks and cash on hand that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amounts due to related companies, amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are removed from the Group's consolidated balance sheet when, and only when they are extinguished (i.e. when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for revenue earned in the normal course of business and include the following items.

Revenue from gaming operations is recognised when the relevant services have been rendered.

Revenue from room rental, food and beverage sales and other ancillary services in the hotel and on the cruise are recognised when the relevant services have been rendered.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Rental income represents fixed rental and contingent rental at a percentage of profit of the lessee. Contingent rental is recognised as income in the periods in which it is earned. Fixed rental is recognised as income on a straight line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Service income is recognised when the services are provided.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Sales of properties are recognised when unconditional sale and purchase agreements have been signed during the year and legal completion of the transactions takes place prior to the approval of the financial statements.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable and deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i. e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in share option reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Operating leases

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets concerned to the lessees.

All other leases are classified as operating leases and the annual rental receipts or payments are credited or charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant leases.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to retirement benefit schemes other than the costs attributable to the development of the properties, which are capitalised as part of the cost of qualified assets, are charged as an expense as they fall due.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 4, management has made the following judgements that have significant effect on the accounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The key assumption concerning the future, and other key source of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Classification of amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary

In note 30, the Group has classified the amounts due to minority shareholders under non-current liabilities. According to the shareholders' agreements, these amounts are repayable only when the indirectly 45% owned subsidiary, Luck United Holdings Limited, and its subsidiaries have surplus fund. Surplus fund represents available cash within these subsidiaries after payment of all operating expenses and payable including but not limited to bank loans and third party loans which are due for repayment together with the accrued interest. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, as these subsidiaries only commenced business in January 2006 and based on cashflow forecasts, these subsidiaries are not expected to generate surplus fund in the next twelve months to repay the amounts due to minority shareholders.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

The Group's carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as at 31st March, 2006 was HK\$1,008,022,000. The Group depreciates the property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight line method, commencing from the date the property, plant or equipment is placed into productive use. The estimated useful lives and dates that the Group places the property, plant or equipment into productive use reflects the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the Group's property, plant and equipment.

Estimated impairment of goodwill

In note 22, determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, amount due from a related company, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, amounts due to related companies, amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Company have foreign currency sales, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Certain trade and other receivables, trade and other payable, and bank balances of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

(ii) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to the cash flow interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing financial liability which relates to its variable-rate bank borrowings. The Group currently does not have any policy on cash flow hedges of interest rate risk. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31st March, 2006 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Credit risk is concentrated as a substantial portion of its revenue is generated from a few customers. However, the management closely monitors the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt, and there is no significant credit risk.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high creditratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

7. **REVENUE**

REFERENCE		
	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:		
/ I		
Hotel and gaming operations		
Service income from VIP room	117,541	-
Service income from mass market	34,993	-
Service income from slot machine hall	6,098	-
Hotel room rental income	12,732	-
Marketing and promotion income	16,766	-
Food and beverage sales	8,605	-
Other rental income	9,026	-
Others	2,140	-
	207,901	-
Cruise and cruise related operations		
Rental income from gaming hall	135,019	17,882
Food and beverage sales	1,217	100
Room rental income	433	41
Others	1,226	213
	137,895	18,236
	`	
	345,796	18,236

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has determined business segments to be presented as the primary reporting format and geographical segments as the secondary reporting format. Analysis of the Group's business and geographical segmental information are as follows:

Business segments

			2006		
	Hotel	Cruise			
	and	and cruise	Property	Unallocated	
	gaming	related	sales and	corporate	
	operations	-	development	items	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
REVENUE	207,901	137,895			345,796
RESULTS					
Segment results	386,466	49,382	(2,561)	(14,488)	418,799
Interest income					2,438
Finance costs					(11,084)
Profit before taxation					410,153
Taxation					(51,886)
Profit for the year					358,267
BALANCE SHEET					
Assets					
Segment assets	1,999,333	150,818	388,150	164,395	2,702,696
Liabilities					
Segment current liabilities	216,656	6,057	143	498	223,354
Amounts due to related companies	76,863	242	-	67,796	144,901
Amounts due to minority	470.000				470.000
shareholders of a subsidiary Deferred taxation	479,296	-	-	-	479,296 52,617
Unallocated corporate liabilities					293,435
chanocated corporate nabilities					
					1,193,603

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business segments (continued)

		2006		
Hotel	Cruise			
and	and cruise	Property	Unallocated	
gaming	related	sales and	corporate	
operations	operations	development	items	Total
HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
1,246,000	6,596	-	-	1,252,596
1,616	-	-	-	1,616
15,921	5,936	19	-	21,876
	4	16		20
	and gaming operations <i>HK\$'000</i> 1,246,000 1,616	and and cruise gaming related operations <i>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</i> 1,246,000 6,596 1,616 – 15,921 5,936	HotelCruiseandand cruisePropertygamingrelatedsales andoperationsoperationsdevelopmentHK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'0001,246,0006,596-1,61615,9215,93619	HotelCruisePropertyUnallocatedandand cruisePropertyUnallocatedgamingrelatedsales andcorporateoperationsdevelopmentitemsHK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'0001,246,0006,596–1,616––15,9215,93619

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business segments (continued)

			2005		
	Hotel	Cruise			
	and	and cruise	Property	Unallocated	
	gaming	related	sales and	corporate	
	operations	operations	development	items	Total
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
REVENUE		18,236			18,236
RESULTS					
Segment results	(956)	6,071	17,221	(5,027)	17,309
Interest income					361
Finance cost					(509)
Profit before taxation					17,161
Taxation					
Profit for the year					17,161
BALANCE SHEET					
Assets					
Segment assets	365,070	138,895	379,955	390,282	1,274,202
Liabilities					
Segment current liabilities	5,862	6,966	343	914	14,085
Amount due to a related company	18,005	_	-	_	18,005
Amounts due to minority					
shareholders of a subsidiary	180,000	-	-	_	180,000
Deferred taxation					5,533
					217,623

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business segments (continued)

			2005		
	Hotel	Cruise			
	and	and cruise	Property	Unallocated	
	gaming	related	sales and	corporate	
	operations	operations	development	items	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
OTHER INFORMATION					
Additions to property under					
development, property, plant					
and equipment, other assets					
and goodwill	27,382	134,052	18,469	-	179,903
Deposits made on acquisition of					
a subsidiary	196,757	-	-	-	196,757
Depreciation of property,					
plant and equipment	-	944	7	-	951
Write-off of property,					
plant and equipment	-	-	14	-	14
Goodwill charged to the					
consolidated income statement	71	7			78

Geographical segments

	Re	Revenue		
	2006	2005		
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000		
Macau	207,901	-		
International waters	135,019	17,882		
Hong Kong	2,876	354		
	345,796	18,236		

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued) **Geographical segments** (continued)

		ng amount nent assets	under de property equipme lease p othe	s to property evelopment, y, plant and ent, prepaid payments, er assets goodwill
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Macau	2,159,394	229,758	1,246,000	27,382
Mainland China	388,633	379,956	-	18,469
Hong Kong	8,449	528,570	2,187	146
Other Asia Pacific areas,				
including international waters	146,019	135,591	4,409	133,906
Other areas	201	327	-	-
	2,702,696	1,274,202	1,252,596	179,903

REVERSAL OF ALLOWANCE FOR DEPOSIT PAID FOR THE PURCHASE OF 9. **PROPERTIES**

In prior year, the Group obtained judgment against Chongqing Hong Tai Property Development Co., Ltd. ("Hong Tai") for failure to complete and deliver vacant possession of certain units and car parking spaces (collectively referred to as the "Properties") purchased by the Group in Hong Tai Building, Chongqing, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Hong Tai was ordered to deliver the Properties or to refund the deposit paid by the Group in the sum of RMB29.05 million (approximately HK\$25.9 million) together with accrued interests to the Group. The Group had recovered part of the deposit paid in the sum of approximately RMB16.2 million (approximately HK\$15,168,000), leading to the reversal of allowance for the same amount previously made in respect of the deposit paid.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

10. FINANCE COSTS

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Interests on:		
– bank borrowings not wholly repayable within five years	4,251	-
– amount due to a related company	1,015	509
– Imputed interest expense on amounts due to		
minority shareholders of a subsidiary	19,898	-
Total borrowing costs	25,164	509
Add: Bank charges	450	-
Less: Interests and bank charges included in the cost		
of qualified assets	(14,530)	-
	11,084	509

Borrowing costs included in the cost of qualifying assets during the year arose on the general borrowing pool and are calculated by applying a capitalisation of 3.6% to expenditure on such assets.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

11. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	2,442	690
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	21,876	951
Goodwill charged to the consolidated income statement		
and included in administrative expenses	-	78
Operating lease rentals in respect of		
– rented premises	2,882	68
– equipment	30	-
Release of prepaid lease payments	1,616	-
Staff costs, including directors' remuneration and		
retirement benefit scheme contributions (note 12)	77,622	5,792
Write-off of property, plant and equipment	20	14
and after crediting:		
Interest income from:		
– bank and other deposits	2,438	6
 a minority shareholder of a subsidiary 	-	355
Negative goodwill credited to the consolidated		
income statement	63	-
Reversal of allowance for amount due from a minority		
shareholder of a subsidiary		2,609

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(i) **Directors' emoluments**

	Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon HK\$'000	Mr. Wong Chi Fai <i>HK\$'000</i>	Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa HK\$'000	Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy HK\$'000	Ms. Chan Sim Ling, Irene HK\$'000	Ms. Chan Wiling, Yvonne HK\$'000	Ms. Wan Choi Ha <i>HK\$'000</i>	Mr. Lam San Keung HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
2006 Fees	-	100	100	100	100	95	-	148	643
Other emoluments									
Salaries and other benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance related incentive payments (note)	-	-	372	-	-	-	-	-	372
Share-based payments		1,982	1,982						3,964
		2,082	2,454	100	100	95		148	4,979
		Ms. Luk		Ms. Fan	Ms. Mok	Ms. Chan	Ms. Chan		
		Siu Man,	Mr. Wong	Man Seung,	Fung Lin,	Sim Ling,	Wiling,	Mr. Lam	
		Semon	Chi Fai	Vanessa	lvy	Irene	Yvonne	San Keung	Total
		HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
2005									
Fees		-	100	100	100	100	-	100	500
Other emoluments Salaries and other benefits				1,500					1,500
			100	1,600	100	100		100	2,000

Note: The performance related incentive payment is determined with reference to the operating results and individual performance.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Employees' emoluments

During the year, the five highest paid individuals included two directors (2005: five directors). The total emoluments of the remaining three (2005: nil) highest paid individuals were as follows:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$′000
Salaries and other benefits Bonuses	2,570 2,325	-
	4,895	

	Number o	Number of individuals		
	2006	2005		
Emoluments of the employees were within the following bands:				
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	2	-		
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	1			

During the year, a non-refundable amount of HK\$350,000 (2005: nil) was recognised' which amount was paid by the Group to one (2005: nil) of the five highest paid individuals (including directors) as an inducement to join the Group. No emolument was recognised or paid by the Group to the directors as compensation for loss of office for both years. No director had waived any emolument during both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(iii) Retirement benefit scheme

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of the independent trustees.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Macau and the PRC were members of statemanaged retirement benefit schemes operated by the Macau and PRC government. The Group was required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme was to make the required contributions under the scheme.

During the year, the retirement benefit scheme contributions were approximately HK\$396,000 (2005: HK\$33,000).

13. TAXATION

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
The charge comprises:		
Macau Complimentary Income Tax	4,870	-
PRC Enterprise Income Tax		
- overprovision in prior years	(68)	-
Deferred taxation (note 31)	47,084	-
	51,886	

The Macau Complimentary Income Tax is calculated progressively at a maximum of 12% of the estimated assessable profits for the year. The PRC Enterprise Income Tax is calculated at the rates prevailing in the PRC.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as there were no estimated assessable profits for both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

13. TAXATION (continued)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per consolidated income statement as follows:

	2006 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2005 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Profit before taxation	410,153	17,161
Tax charge at the Macau Complimentary Income Tax rate		
of 12% (2005: at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5% (note))	49,218	3,003
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible for tax purpose	13,501	1,716
Tax effect of income that is not taxable for tax purpose	(16,587)	(6,435)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	5,894	1,722
Overprovision in prior years	(25)	-
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in		
other jurisdictions	(43)	-
Others	(72)	(6)
Taxation for the year	51,886	

Note: The Macau Complimentary Income Tax rate of 12% is the domestic tax rate in jurisdiction where the operation of the Group is substantially based. The Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5% was the domestic tax rate in jurisdiction in previous year where the operation of the Group was substantially based.

14. DIVIDENDS

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Interim paid: HK1.0 cent per share (2005: nil)	9,288	-
Final proposed: HK2.0 cents per share (2005: nil)	18,575	-
	27,863	-

The Board of Directors declared the payment of final dividend of HK2.0 cents per share for the year ended 31st March, 2006 and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

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15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculations of the basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$′000
Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	166,794	17,596
	Numbe	r of shares
	2006	2005
Number of shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	928,771,980	367,647,583
Effect of dilutive potential shares – share options	616,303	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share	929,388,283	

Changes in the Group's accounting policies during the year are described in detail in notes 2 and 3. To the extent that those changes have had an impact on results reported for 2006 and 2005, they have had an impact on the amounts reported for earnings per share. The following total summarises that impact on earnings per share:

		t on basic s per share	Impact on diluted earnings per share		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
Earnings per share before adjustments	0.04	0.05	0.04	N/A	
Adjustments arising from changes in accounting policies <i>(note 3)</i>	0.14		0.14		
Earnings per share, as reported/restated	0.18		0.18		

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
FAIR VALUE		
At the beginning of the year	-	-
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	117,732	_
Fair value change	392,368	_
0		
At the end of the year	510,100	

The investment properties are situated in Macau and held under medium-term leases. The Group's property interests in land held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

The fair value of the investment properties in Macau as at 31st March, 2006 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at that date by Savills Consultancy Limited, an independent firm of professional property valuers not connected with the Group. Savills Consultancy Limited has appropriated qualification and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations, on an open market value basis. The valuation, which conforms to Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors Valuation Standards on Properties, was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

Details of investment properties as at 31st March, 2006 are set out on page 90.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Furniture, fixtures						
	Hotel	Leasehold	and	Plant and	Motor			Construction	
	property HK\$'000	improvement HK\$'000	equipment HK\$'000	machinery HK\$'000	vehicles HK\$'000	Vessel HK\$′000	Others HK\$′000	in progress HK\$′000	Total HK\$'000
COST									
At 1st April, 2004	-	-	301	-	469	-	-	-	770
Additions	-	151	837	-	-	133,156	-	-	134,144
Disposals			(128)						(128)
At 1st April, 2005	-	151	1,010	-	469	133,156	-	-	134,786
Currency realignment	-	1	4	-	13	-	-	-	18
Acquired on acquisition of									
a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367,568	367,568
Transfer from other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,881	34,881
Additions	-	20,537	212,196	94,362	780	-	9,711	274,344	611,930
Transfer Transfer	559,061	-	-	-	-	-	-	(559,061)	-
Transfer to investment								(117 722)	(117 722)
properties Disposals	-	-	(165)	-	-	-	-	(117,732)	(117,732) (165)
Disposais			(103)						(103)
At 31st March, 2006	559,061	20,689	213,045	94,362	1,262	133,156	9,711		1,031,286
DEPRECIATION									
At 1st April, 2004	-	-	260	-	422	-	-	-	682
Provided for the year	-	4	30	-	-	917	-	-	951
Eliminated on disposals			(114)						(114)
At 1st April, 2005	-	4	176	-	422	917	-	-	1,519
Currency realignment	-	-	3	-	11	-	-	-	14
Provided for the year	3,484	634	9,162	2,515	91	5,504	486	-	21,876
Eliminated on disposals			(145)						(145)
At 31st March, 2006	3,484	638	9,196	2,515	524	6,421	486		23,264
CARRYING AMOUNT									
At 31st March, 2006	555,577	20,051	203,849	91,847	738	126,735	9,225		1,008,022
At 31st March, 2005		147	834		47	132,239			133,267

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

During the year, the Group acquired a subsidiary which owns a property in Macau. The construction work of the property has been completed in the current year and is partly transferred to investment properties and partly to property, plant and equipment.

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis of the following rate per annum:

Hotel property	Over the estimated useful lives of 40 years or the unexpired terms of the relevant leases, whichever is shorter
Leasehold improvement	10 – 20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10 – 20%
Plant and machinery	10 – 20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Vessel	5%
Others	20%

The hotel property is located in Macau. The balance shown includes capitalised interest of approximately HK\$14,530,000 as at 31st March, 2006.

18. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Restated)
Leasehold land in Macau under medium-term lease Leasehold land in the PRC under medium-term lease	278,513 42,511	42,479
Analysed for reporting purposes as follows:	321,024	42,479
Non-current Current	313,453 7,571	41,401
	321,024	42,479

Under HKAS 17, the land and building elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purpose of lease classification. In the current year, the Group has reclassified an approximately HK\$43,532,000 land from property under development to prepaid lease payments as at 1st April, 2004.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

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19. PROPERTY UNDER DEVELOPMENT

	HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2004	
– as originally stated	360,034
- effect of changes in accounting policies (note 2)	(43,532)
– as restated	316,502
Currency realignment	163
Additions	76
Release of prepaid lease payments capitalised	1,078
At 31st March, 2005	317,819
Currency realignment	7,774
Release of prepaid lease payments capitalised	1,106
At 31st March, 2006	326,699

The property under development is situated in the PRC and is held under a land use right (the "Land") for a term of 50 years from 9th August, 1994. Included in property under development as at 31st March, 2006 is net interest capitalised of approximately HK\$21,372,000 (2005: HK\$21,372,000). No further interest was capitalised in 2005 and 2006.

On 26th May, 2004, the Group entered into a joint venture agreement ("JV Agreement") with Shenzhen Lianhe Jinhao Investment Development Co., Ltd. ("JV Partner") to jointly develop the Land. Under the JV Agreement, the Group would provide the Land, the JV Partner would bear the full construction cost and the floor area would be split between the parties in equal shares. The Group and the JV Partner intended to develop the property into a commercial complex. The Group has an option to put its interest in the development project to the JV Partner at a consideration of HK\$530 million ("Put option"). The option period is between (i) 18 months from the JV Partner taking possession of the Property and (ii) 30 months from the JV Partner taking possession of the decoration of the common areas of the Property, whichever is the later (both months inclusive). The option period will be the only restriction for the Group to exercise its right under the Put Option. The Group intends to settle the JV Agreement by delivering the property under development if the Group exercises its option and there is no past practice of net settlement.

Details of property under development as at 31st March, 2006 are set out on page 90.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

20. DEPOSITS MADE ON ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount as at 31st March, 2005 represented deposits paid for acquisition of a subsidiary in Macau. The acquisition was completed during the year.

21. OTHER ASSETS

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
At the beginning of the year	27,382	-
Acquired upon acquisition of a subsidiary	-	12,562
Additions	7,499	14,820
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(34,881)	-
At the end of the year		27,382

On 3rd November, 2004, the Group signed an agreement which indirectly enabled the Group to acquire a property in Macau and the agreement was completed in May 2005 (see note 36). Details of which were set out in a circular to the shareholders of the Company dated 10th December, 2004. Other assets represented the renovation costs incurred on the property from 3rd November, 2004 up to 3rd May, 2005. The amount has been transferred to property, plant and equipment on completion date.

22. GOODWILL

	HK\$′000
COST	
At 1st April, 2004	-
Arising on acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary	18,301
At 31st March, 2005 and 31st March, 2006	18,301

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22. GOODWILL (continued)

As at 31st March, 2005 and 31st March, 2006, the carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated to the CGU for the property sales and development.

The recoverable amounts of the CGU is determined from value in use calculations. The value in use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets prepared by the management. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth in revenue and direct costs during the period. The management estimates discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU.

The Group prepares cashflow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next three years at a discount rate of 8%.

During the year, the Group performed impairment review for goodwill and considered no impairment loss was necessary.

23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Group allows credit periods of up to 60 days to its trade customers. An aged analysis of the Group's trade receivables at the balance sheet date is set out below:

		_
	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
0 – 30 days	185,121	-
31 – 60 days	7,575	-
61 – 90 days	4,844	-
	197,540	_
Chips on hand	102,816	_
Other receivables	23,428	4,952
	<u>·</u>	
	323,784	4,952

Chips on hand represent chips issued by a gaming concessionaire in Macau. The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximates to its fair value.
For the year ended 31st March, 2006

24. AMOUNT DUE FROM A RELATED COMPANY

Particulars of the amount due from a related company is as follows:

			Maximum amount
	Balance as at	Balance as at	outstanding
Name of related company	31st March, 2006	1st April, 2005	during the year
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Coprosper Investments Limited (note (a))	11,347	-	11,819
Golden Princess Holdings Limited (note (b))	-	1,146	1,146
	11,347	1,146	

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Notes:

- (a) Coprosper Investments Limited was 28% held by Redmond Nominees Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Mr. Albert Yeung"), a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company.
- (b) Golden Princess Holdings Limited (currently known as "Bisley International Holdings Limited") was an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Gain Wealth Investments Limited, which in turn was held by Perpetual Wealth Investments Limited on trust for The A&S Unit Trust, a trust set up by Mr. Albert Yeung. The amount was fully repaid during the year.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of amount due from a related company approximates to its fair value.

25. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, and carry interests at prevailing market rates.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of bank balances and cash approximates to its fair value.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the Group's trade payables at the balance sheet date is set out below:

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
0 – 30 days	43,243	3,163
31 – 60 days	1,708	466
61 – 90 days	284	-
91 – 180 days	129	-
	45,364	3,629
Short-term advances	45,000	-
Other payables	132,990	10,456
	223,354	14,085

Short-term advances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates to its fair value.

27. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Interest bearing at prevailing market rates ranged		
from 7.75% to 8% per annum (<i>note (a</i>))	66,781	-
Interest-free amount (note (a))	5,529	-
Interest-free amount (note (b))	72,591	-
	144,901	_

Notes:

- (a) The amounts are due to subsidiaries of Emperor International Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- (b) The amounts are due to companies in which Mr. Albert Yeung has significant influence or is deemed to have significant influence.

The amounts are unsecured and repayable on demand. The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of amounts due to related companies approximates to its fair value.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

28. SECURED BANK BORROWINGS

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$′000
The bank borrowings are repayable as follows:		
Within one year	37,046	-
Between one to two years	39,000	-
Between two to three years	41,145	-
Between three to four years	43,375	-
Between four to five years	45,726	-
Over five years	82,273	-
	288,565	
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	(37,046)	
Amounts due after one year	251,519	

The bank borrowings carried interest at HIBOR plus 0.85% ranging from 3.0 % to 5.3% per annum and are secured by certain of the Group's assets. The carrying values of these assets at the balance sheet date are as follows:

2006	2005
HK\$′000	HK\$′000
555,577	-
510,100	-
278,513	-
1,344,190	
	HK\$'000 555,577 510,100 278,513

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of bank borrowings approximates to its fair value.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

29. AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY

In 2005, the amount was due to a company in which Mr. Albert Yeung had significant influence or was deemed to have significant influence. The amount was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed repayment terms of repayment.

The related company had agreed not to demand repayment of the amount until the Group was financially capable to do so. Accordingly, the amount was shown as non-current.

30. AMOUNTS DUE TO MINORITY SHAREHOLDERS OF A SUBSIDIARY

In accordance with the contractual terms, the amounts are unsecured and interest-free. As described in note 2, on adoption of HKAS 39, interest on these advances have been computed at an effective interest rate of 5% and a projection on the timing of realisation of surplus fund which represents cash available in the indirectly 45% owned subsidiary, Luck United Holdings Limited, and its subsidiaries after payment of all operating expenses and payables including but not limited to bank loans and third party loans which are due for repayment together with the accrued interest. According to the shareholders' agreements, the amounts are repayable only when these subsidiaries have surplus fund. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, as these subsidiaries are not expected to generate surplus fund in the next twelve months to repay the amounts due to minority shareholders. Accordingly, the amounts are shown as non-current.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair value of amounts due to minority shareholders of a subsidiary at balance sheet date, determined based on the present value of the estimated future cash outflows discounted using the prevailing market rate at the balance sheet date, approximates to its carrying value.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

31. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred taxation (liabilities) assets recognised and movements thereon during the year:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Development costs capitalised HK\$'000	change in	Impairment loss recognised in respect of property under development HK\$'000	Pre-operating expenses written off HK\$'000	Tax losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2004 Charged to the consolidated	-	(5,533)	-	5,533	-	-	-
income statement At 31st March, 2005		(5,533)		(5,533)			(5,533)
(Charged) credited to the consolidated income statement	(4,872)		(47,084)		4,624	248	(47,084)
At 31st March, 2006	(4,872)	(5,533)	(47,084)	_	4,624	248	(52,617)

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, deferred taxation assets and liabilities have been offset.

As at 31st March, 2006, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$172,450,000 (2005: HK\$121,973,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred taxation asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$1,420,000 (2005: nil) of such losses. No deferred taxation asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$171,030,000 (2005: HK\$121,973,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$5,588,000 (2005: nil) that will expire in 2009. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely. The Group had no other significant unprovided deferred taxation at the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

32. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each at 1st April, 2004	200,000,000,000	200,000
Increase in shares upon Share Subdivision (note (b))	1,800,000,000,000	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each at 31st March,		
2005 and 31st March, 2006	2,000,000,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each at 1st April, 2004	11,006,883	11
Increase in shares upon the Placing (note (a))	2,200,000	2
Increase in shares upon the Share Subdivision (note (b))	118,861,947	-
Increase in shares upon the Rights Issue (note (c))	660,344,150	66
Increase in shares upon the Subscription (<i>note</i> (<i>d</i>))	31,950,000	3
Increase in shares upon the Allotment of Shares (note (e))	104,409,000	11
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each at 31st March, 2005		
and 31st March, 2006	928,771,980	93

Notes:

- (a) On 16th November, 2004, the Company entered into a placing agreement with an independent placing agent to place and issue in aggregate 2,200,000 new shares of HK\$0.001 each of the Company at the price of HK\$10.00 per share ("Placing"). The Placing was completed on 6th December, 2004. The Company planned to use the proceeds for general working capital of the Group. The shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company.
- (b) On 3rd January, 2005, a resolution was passed at the special general meeting of the Company pursuant to which every issued and unissued share of HK\$0.001 each of the Company was subdivided into ten shares of HK\$0.0001 each ("Share Subdivision"). The new subdivided shares rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company.
- (c) On 3rd January, 2005, a resolution was passed at the special general meeting of the Company pursuant to which 660,344,150 rights shares of HK\$0.0001 each were to be allotted in the proportion of five rights shares for every one subdivided share of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company at the price of HK\$0.68 per rights share ("Rights Issue"). The Rights Issue was completed on 21st January, 2005. The Company planned to use the proceeds for acquisition of 90% interests in a subsidiary and the business development of that subsidiary as well as for general working capital of the Group. The shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

32. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (d) On 6th January, 2005, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with a minority shareholder of a subsidiary pursuant to which the Company agreed to allot and issue 31,950,000 new subdivided shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company at the price of HK\$2.88 per share ("Subscription"). The Subscription was completed on 7th February, 2006. The Company planned to use the proceeds for general working capital and future business development of the Group. The shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company.
- (e) On 15th February, 2005, the Company allotted and issued 104,409,000 new subdivided shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company at the price of HK\$1.27 per share to Pleasure Road Profits Limited ("Pleasure Road") ("Allotment of Shares") as the consideration for acquisition of the vessel by the Group. The shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company.

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 2nd September, 2002 (the "Adoption Date"), the primary purpose of which is to provide incentives or rewards to participants including the directors and eligible employees of the Group.

Under the Scheme, the directors of the Company are authorised, at any time within ten years after the Adoption Date, to grant options to any participants to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing prices of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme cannot exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on the Adoption Date. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company, if any, cannot exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any participant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue in any 12-month period. An option may be exercised at any time within ten years from the date of grant of the relevant options, where the acceptance date should not be later than 28 days from the date of the offer. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of options.

On 11th August, 2005, a total of 10,000,000 share options were granted to two directors of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$2.2 under the terms of the Scheme.

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33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

A summary of movements of the outstanding share options, which have been granted to certain directors of the Company under the Scheme, during the year is as follows:

		Number of share options granted during the year and outstanding
		as at
Exercise period	Exercise price	31st March, 2006
	HK\$	
11th August, 2005 to		
10th August, 2015	2.2	10,000,000
	11th August, 2005 to	11th August, 2005 to

The fair values of options granted were calculated using the Black-Scholes – Merton Option Pricing model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

Share price at date of grant	HK\$1.96
Expected volatility	58.43%
Expected life in years	2
Risk free rate	3.707%
Expected dividend yield	Nil

The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restitutions and behavioural considerations.

The fair value of each option was approximately HK\$0.40 at the date of grant.

During the year, an amount of approximately HK\$3,964,000 is recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the value of options granted (see note 2).

Notes:

- (i) The volatility measured at the standard derivation of expected share price returns is based on a statistical analysis of daily share prices over certain periods preceding the grant date.
- (ii) The above calculation is based on the assumption that there is no material difference between the expected volatility over the whole life of the options and the historical volatility of the shares of the Company.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

34. **RESERVES**

- (a) The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the aggregate of the nominal amount of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Group and the nominal amount of the Company's share capital issued as consideration for the acquisition.
- (b) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations in the Macau Special Administrative Region, certain subsidiaries of the Company are required to set aside 25% of their profit for the year to a legal reserve until the legal reserve has reached 50% of their registered capital.
- (c) Pursuant to a special resolution passed by the Company's shareholders in a special general meeting held on 2nd November, 2005, the amount as at 31st March, 2005 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company in the sum of approximately HK\$1,254,982,000 was cancelled ("Share Premium Cancellation"). In addition, part of the credit arising from the Share Premium Cancellation was eliminated against the accumulated losses of the Company as at 31st March, 2005 in the sum of approximately HK\$711,550,000 in full and the remaining balance of the credit arising therefrom in the sum of approximately HK\$543,432,000 was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company.

35. MINORITY INTERESTS

Included in minority interests as at 31st March, 2006 is an imputed interest of approximately HK\$90,602,000 arising from certain loans from the minority shareholders of a subsidiary which agreed to contribute interest-free shareholders' loans in accordance with their shareholdings (see note 30).

As at 31st March, 2005, minority interests represented their share of losses incurred by the subsidiaries up to the extent of the shareholders' loans which can be used to make good their share of the losses.

36. PURCHASE OF SUBSIDIARIES

In May 2005, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments in Macau through acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Pacific Strong Bases (Holding) Company Limited at a consideration of approximately HK\$652,006,000. The acquisition has been recorded as purchase of assets.

In December 2005, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Emerald Star Properties Limited through an indirectly 90% owned subsidiary, Nova Strategic Limited, at a consideration of approximately HK\$2,000.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

36. PURCHASE OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

In January 2005, the investment in unlisted shares in Great Assets Holdings Limited ("Great Assets") and its subsidiaries were reclassified as interest in subsidiaries as the other shareholder of Great Assets transferred the power to appoint directors to the Group at nil consideration (see note 41(d)). In addition, in February 2005, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Ever Discovery Limited, Everjoyce Limited and Golden Princess Cruise Limited at a total consideration of approximately HK\$500,000.

	2006	2005
	Book value	Book value
	and	and
	fair value	fair value
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Net assets acquired:		
Deposits made for acquisition of		
a subsidiary	-	196,757
Other assets	-	12,562
Amount due from a related company	-	500
Bank balances and cash	74	153,382
Trade and other payables	(2)	(2,754)
Amount due to the holding company	-	(180,046)
Amounts due to minority shareholders		
of a subsidiary	(132)	(180,000)
Minority interests	7	21
	(53)	422
Assignment of shareholders' loans	118	162,041
Goodwill charged to the consolidated income statement	-	78
Negative goodwill credited to the consolidated		
income statement	(63)	-
Total consideration	2	162,541

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

36. PURCHASE OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	2006	2005
	Book value	Book value
	and	and
	fair value	fair value
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Satisfied by:		
Reclassification from investment		
in unlisted shares	-	162,041
Cash	2	500
	2	162,541
Analysis of net inflow of cash and cash		
equivalents in connection with the		
purchase of subsidiaries:		
Cash consideration	(2)	(500)
Bank balances and cash acquired	74	153,382
	72	152,882

The subsidiaries acquired in 2005 and 2006 did not have significant contribution to the Group's revenue and results for the year.

Pro forma Group's revenue and results

There is no material impact in the Group's revenue and results for the year if the acquisition of the above companies had been completed on 1st April, 2005 as these companies only commenced business after being acquired by the Group.

In 2005, there was no material impact in the Group's revenue and results for the year if the acquisition of the companies had been completed on 1st April, 2004 as these companies were mainly inactive or in investment stage.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

37. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- (a) As settlement of part of the consideration for acquisition of the remaining 10% interests in Expert Pearl Investments Limited ("Expert Pearl"), an indirectly 90% owned subsidiary of the Company, from Star City Entertainment Holdings Limited ("Star City") through the acquisition of one share registered in the name of Star City, representing 10% of the entire issued share capital of Expert Pearl, and the Ioan outstanding from Expert Pearl to Star City, the Group waived all liabilities of Star City in the principal sum of approximately HK\$17,658,000 and all interest thereon of approximately HK\$20,172,000, amounted in aggregate to approximately HK\$37,830,000 owed to the Group as at 9th June, 2004.
- (b) On 15th February, 2005, the Company allotted and issued 104,409,000 new shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company at the price of HK\$1.27 per share totalling approximately HK\$132,599,000 to Pleasure Road as the consideration for acquisition of the vessel by the Group.

	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Authorised but not contracted for in respect of:		
 property and hotel development projects 	2,246	431,984
– property, plant and equipment	-	124,549
	2.246	
	2,246	556,533
Contracted for but not provided in the		
consolidated financial statements,		
net of deposits paid, in respect of:		
 property and hotel development projects 	49,356	80,789
 property, plant and equipment 	2,738	13,641
– acquisition of a subsidiary	-	451,500
	52,094	545,930
	54,340	1,102,463

38. COMMITMENTS

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

39. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises, which fall due as follows:

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Within one year	3,139	407
In the second to fifth years inclusive	2,098	47
	5,237	454

The leases were negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 3 years and the rentals are pre-determined and fixed.

The Group as lessor

During the year, the Group has contingent rentals received and receivable of approximately HK\$25,519,000 (2005: HK\$4,383,000). At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants to receive the following future minimum lease payments in respect of the gaming hall in the vessel and the properties, which fall due as follows:

	Premises in the		Gaming hall				
	hotel property		in the	in the vessel		Other properties	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	
Within one year	38,513	-	120,000	90,000	276	493	
In the second to							
fifth years inclusive	122,266	-	-	-	-	535	
After five years	216,000	-	-	-	-	-	
	376,779		120,000	90,000	276	1,028	

Certain premises in the Group's hotel property have committed tenants for the tenancy ranging from 1 to 14 years and the rentals are pre-determined and fixed. The gaming hall in the vessel has a committed tenant for 1 year and the rental included a pre-determined fixed portion and a contingent rental based on the net profit of the tenant's gaming operation. The other properties have committed tenants for the tenancy ranging from 1 to 2 years and the rentals are pre-determined and fixed.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

As at 31st March, 2006, the Group had signed construction contracts for the property under development which is situated in the PRC on behalf of the JV Partner (see note 19). According to the JV Agreement, the JV Partner would bear the full construction cost. However, the Group has the legal obligations to fulfil the contracts if the JV Partner fails to fulfil its obligations. As at 31st March, 2006, the Group's maximum liability in this arrangement was approximately HK\$431,476,000 (2005: nil) which represents contracted amounts but not yet paid by the JV Partner.

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) During the year, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

	2006	2005
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Acquisition of subsidiaries from a related company	-	500
Advertising expenses to related companies	503	-
Food and beverage income from a related company	348	-
Interest income from a minority shareholder of		
a subsidiary	-	355
Interest expense to a related company	1,015	509
Management fee expenses to related companies	417	342
Professional fee expenses to related companies	1,045	-
Purchase of inventories from a related company	-	1,523
Purchase of property, plant and equipment from		
a related company	1,487	750
Rental income from related companies	135,268	17,882
Rental expenses to a related company	335	-
Secretarial fee expenses to related companies	380	345
Service fee to Mr. Albert Yeung, a deemed substantial		
shareholder of the Company	7,937	-
Sharing of administrative expenses with		
a related company	12,839	-
Underwriting commission to a related company	-	2,106

Note: Certain directors and key management personnel of the Company have significant influence or are deemed to have significant influence in the above related company.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (b) The key management personnel of the Company are the directors of the Company. The details of the remunerations paid to them are set out in note 12.
- (c) On 9th June, 2004, the Group completed the acquisition of the remaining 10% interests in Expert Pearl, a 90% owned subsidiary of the Group, from Star City through the acquisition of one share registered in the name of Star City, representing 10% of the entire issued share capital of Expert Pearl, and the loan outstanding from Expert Pearl to Star City.

As consideration, the Group paid Star City HK\$16,000,000 being the initial investment contributed by Star City to Expert Pearl, such payment was made to Future Gain Investments Limited, a related company of the Group, as directed by Star City, and the Group waived all liabilities of Star City in the principal sum of approximately HK\$17,658,000 and all interest thereon of approximately HK\$20,172,000, amounted in aggregate to approximately HK\$37,830,000 owed to the Group as at 9th June, 2004.

(d) On 25th January, 2005, the Group completed the acquisition of 90% interests in Great Assets from Lion Empire Investments Limited ("Lion Empire"), a related company of the Group, through the acquisition of the 45 shares registered in the name of Lion Empire ("Sale Shares"), representing 90% of the entire issued share capital of Great Assets, and the 90% of all outstanding loans due from Great Assets to Lion Empire as at 25th January, 2005 which amounted to approximately HK\$162,041,000 ("Sale Debt") (see note 36).

The consideration for the Sale Shares and the Sale Debt were US\$45 (equivalent to HK\$351) and approximately HK\$162,041,000, respectively.

(e) On 15th February, 2005, the Group completed the acquisition of the vessel named Golden Princess (together with all furniture and fittings on board, slot machines and other gaming equipment in the gaming hall) from Pleasure Road, a company in which Mr. Albert Yeung was deemed to have significant influence. The consideration of the vessel was US\$17 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$132,599,000) which was satisfied by the allotment and issue of 104,409,000 new shares of HK\$0.0001 each of the Company to Pleasure Road at the price of HK\$1.27 per share.

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company, all of which are indirectly held, as at 31st March, 2006, are as follows:

	Place of		Nominal value of issued	The Group's	
	incorporation/	Place of	ordinary share/	attributable	
Name of subsidiary	establishment	operation	registered capital	equity interest	Principal activities
				%	
Asian Glory Limited	Macau	Macau	MOP25,000	45*	Property holding
Big Capital International Limited	British Virgin Islands	Macau	US\$1	45*	Slot machine hall operation
Emperor Entertainment Hotel Management Limited	Macau	Macau	MOP25,000	45*	Provision of project financing services
Emperor (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 英皇(上海)有限公司	PRC – wholly owned foreign investment enterprise	PRC	US\$30,000,000	100	Property development
Great Assets Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	US\$50	90	Investment holding
Harbour Assets Limited	British Virgin Islands	PRC and Internationa waters	US\$1	100	Vessel owner
Keen Million Limited	British Virgin Islands	Macau	US\$1	45*	Mass market operation
Luck United Holdings Limited ("Luck United")	British Virgin Islands	Macau	US\$10,000	45 *	Investment holding
Pacific Strong Bases (Holding) Company Limited	Macau	Macau	MOP500,000	45*	Hotel operations

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42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

	Place of		Nominal value of issued	The Group's	
Name of subsidiary	incorporation/ establishment	Place of operation	ordinary share/ registered capital	attributable equity interest %	Principal activities
Precision Faith Limited	Macau	Macau	MOP100,000	90	VIP room operation and provision of gaming related marketing and public relation services
Right Achieve Limited	British Virgin Islands	Macau	US\$1	45*	Investment holding
Season Success Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	Vessel operations
Super Park Internation Company Limited	Macau	Macau	MOP25,000	45*	Motor vehicle owner

* These companies are wholly owned subsidiaries of Luck United. Luck United is regarded as a subsidiary of the Group as the Group has control on the board of directors of Luck United.

The Group has written off its 80% interests in Canlibol Holdings Limited and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Beijing Peony Garden Apartment House Co., Ltd. (collectively "Canlibol Group"), the value of which had been fully provided for during the year ended 31st March, 2003. After consultation with PRC lawyers, it appeared that the Company's successful recovery of its interests in the Canlibol Group is doubtful and the directors of the Company considered it appropriate to write off such interests.

None of the subsidiaries of the Company issued any debt securities as at 31st March, 2006.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

For the year ended 31st March, 2006

RESULTS

	Year ended 31st March,					
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	
Revenue	345,796	18,236	_	31,439	46,792	
Profit (loss) before taxation	410,153	17,161	102,291	(585,288)	(33,346)	
Taxation	(51,886)	-	(6,941)	(381)	(248)	
Profit (loss) for the year	358,267	17,161	95,350	(585,669)	(33,594)	
Attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Company	166,794	17,596	86,382	(598,266)	(32,954)	
Minority interests	191,473	(435)	8,968	12,597	(640)	
	358,267	17,161	95,350	(585,669)	(33,594)	
				(303,003)		

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

			At 31st March,		
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Total assets	2,702,696	1,274,202	400,943	302,900	1,125,233
Total liabilities	(1,193,603)	(217,623)	(50,439)	(47,616)	(288,077)
Net assets	1,509,093	1,056,579	350,504	255,284	837,156
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company	1,227,445	1,057,030	348,579	262,315	864,981
Minority interests	281,648	(451)	1,925	(7,031)	(27,825)
	1,509,093	1,056,579	350,504	255,284	837,156

SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES

At 31st March, 2006

Particulars of the Group's investment properties and property under development as at 31st March, 2006, are as follows:

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

				The Group's
	Location	Purpose	Floor area	interest
			sq. ft.	%
1.	Shops of ground floor of Grand Emperor Hotel, Macau	Commercial	3,681	45
2.	Rooms 3, 5 and 1/2 common area of 5th Floor, rooms 6, 7, 9 and 3/4 common area of 6th Floor			
	of Grand Emperor Hotel, Macau	Commercial	29,472	45
3.	Room 8 and 1/4 common area of 6th Floor and room 10 and 1/4 common area of 7th Floor of			
	Grand Emperor Hotel, Macau	Vacant	11,711	45
4.	8th Floor of Grand Emperor Hotel, Macau	Commercial	22,260	45
5.	10th Floor of Grand Emperor Hotel, Macau	Commercial	22,260	45

PROPERTY UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Location	Purpose	Site area sq. ft.	Estimated gross floor area sq. ft.	Stage of completion	Estimated completion date	The Group's interest %	Land use right
Emperor Star City, a site located at 548 Yu Yuan Jie Dao Fang 11/1 Qiu Huangpu District Shanghai, the PRC (note (a))	Commercial complex	246,173	1,227,957 (inclusive of 2 storeys, car parking and ancillary facilities)	Basement and foundation construction will commence shortly	In 2008	100	50 years commencing from 9th August, 1994 <i>(note (b))</i>

Notes:

- (a) The property was originally known as Yuyuan located at Land Plot 33-II, South Henan Road, Nanshi District, Shanghai, the PRC. Pursuant to the order of the Shanghai Municipal Government made in July 2000, the property has been renamed as the above.
- (b) Term of the land use right is extracted from the Shanghai Certificate of Real Estate Ownership No. Hu Fang Di Huang Ei (2005) Di 002851 issued by Shanghai Housing and Land Resources Administration Bureau dated 9th December, 2003.